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SafeVanish: An Improved Data Self-Destruction for Protecting Data Privacy

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Outline

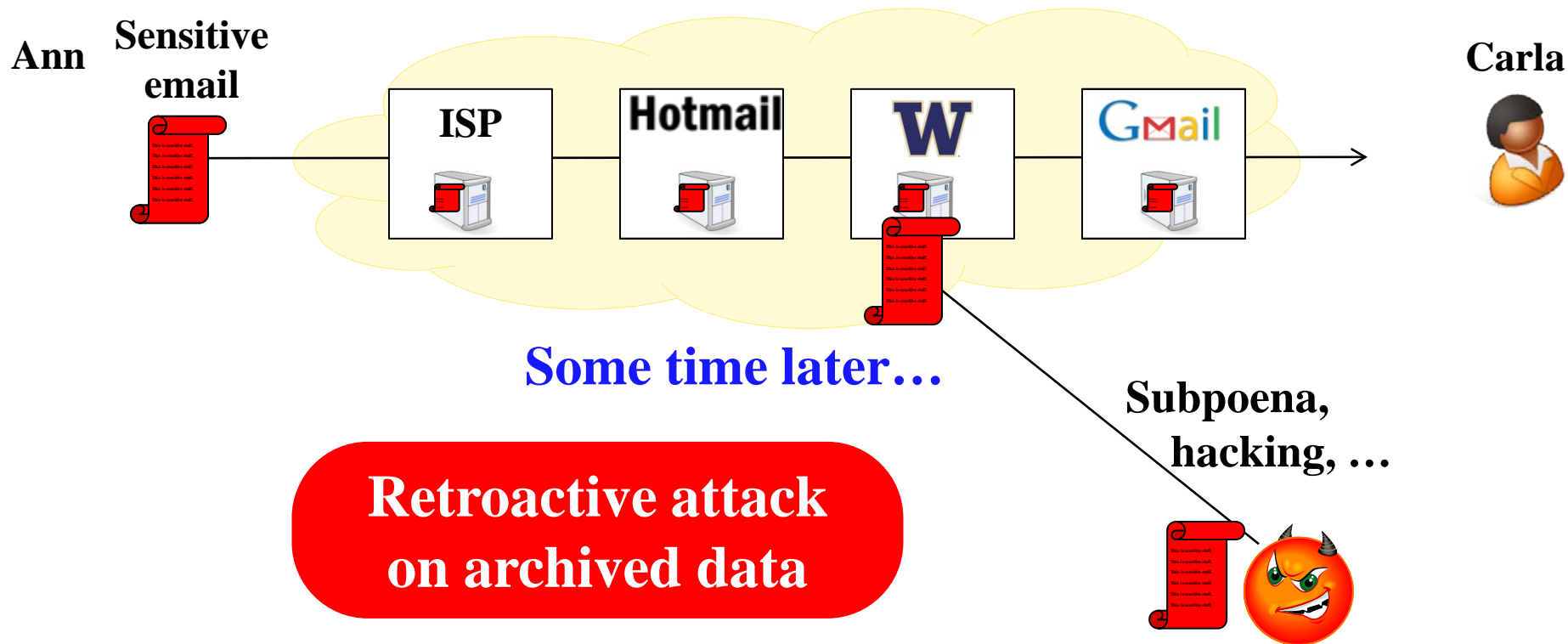
Related work and motivation

Solution for the hopping attack

Solution for the sniffing attack

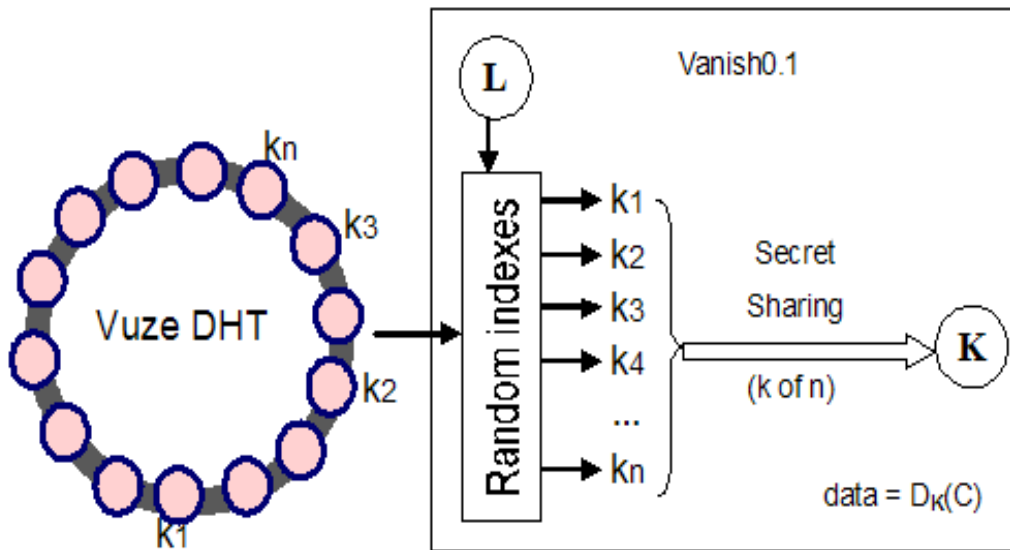
Conclusion

Motivation: Data Lives Forever (1/2)



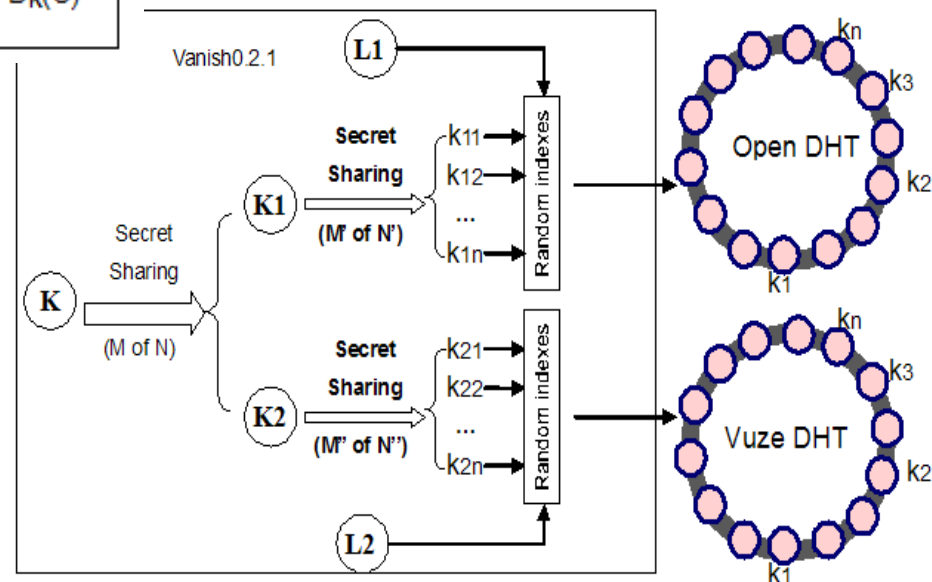
Reference: Roxana Geambasu, Tadayoshi Kohno, Amit Levy, Henry M. Levy. "Vanish: Increasing Data Privacy with Self-Destructing Data." In Proceedings of the 18th USENIX Security Symposium, Montreal, Canada, August 2009.

Motivation : Data Lives Forever (2/2)

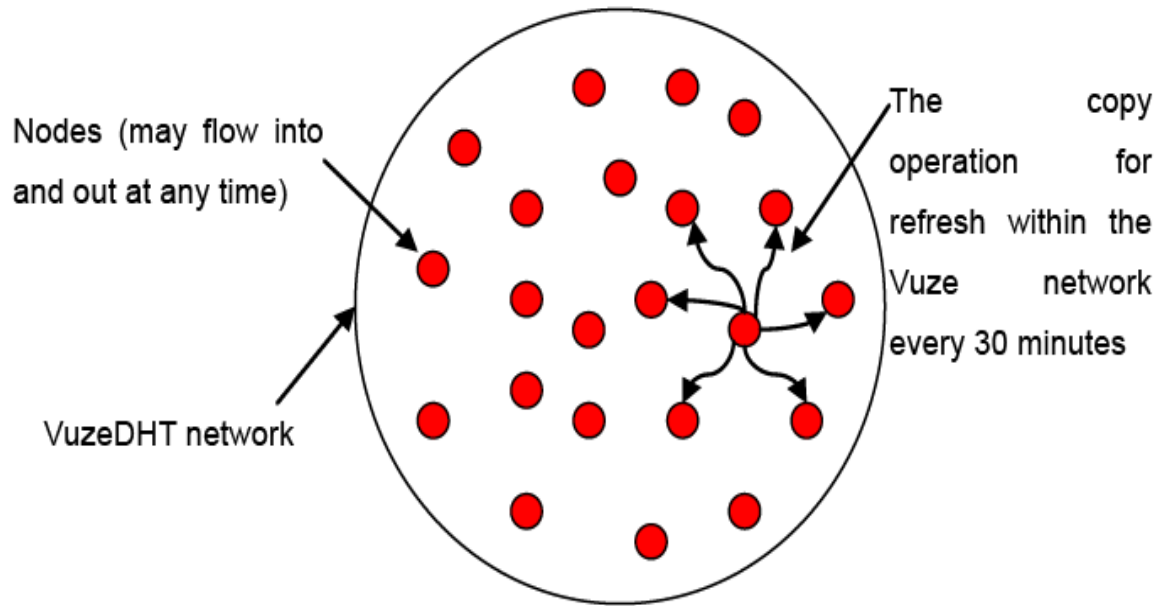


The decapsulation process by compose the encryption key for Vanish0.1.

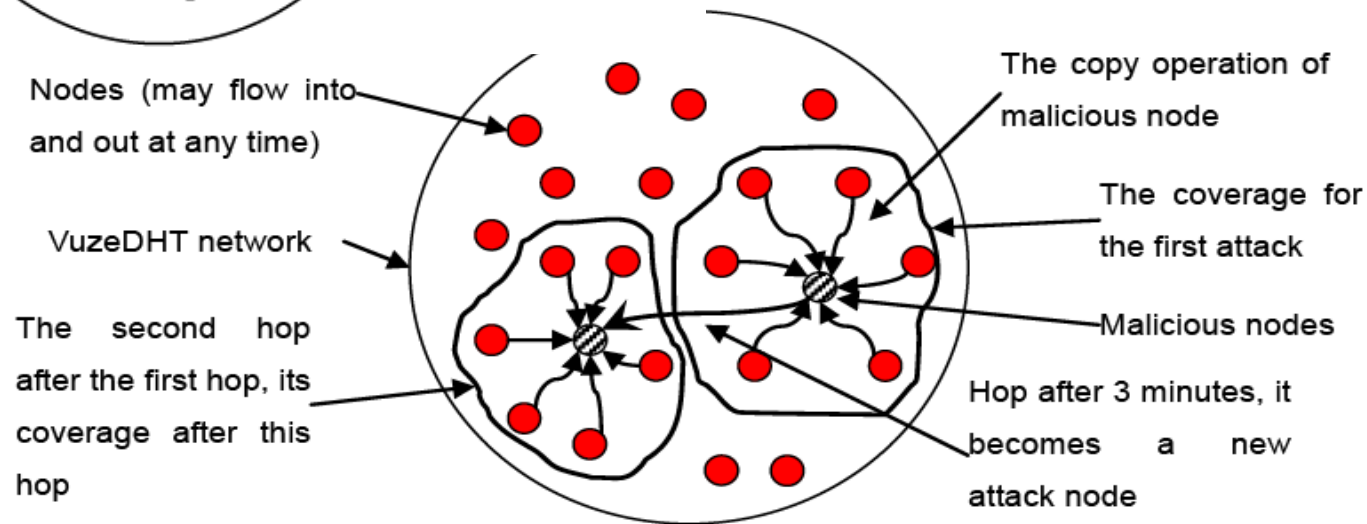
The improved architecture of Vanish0.2.1.



Motivation: Hopping attack

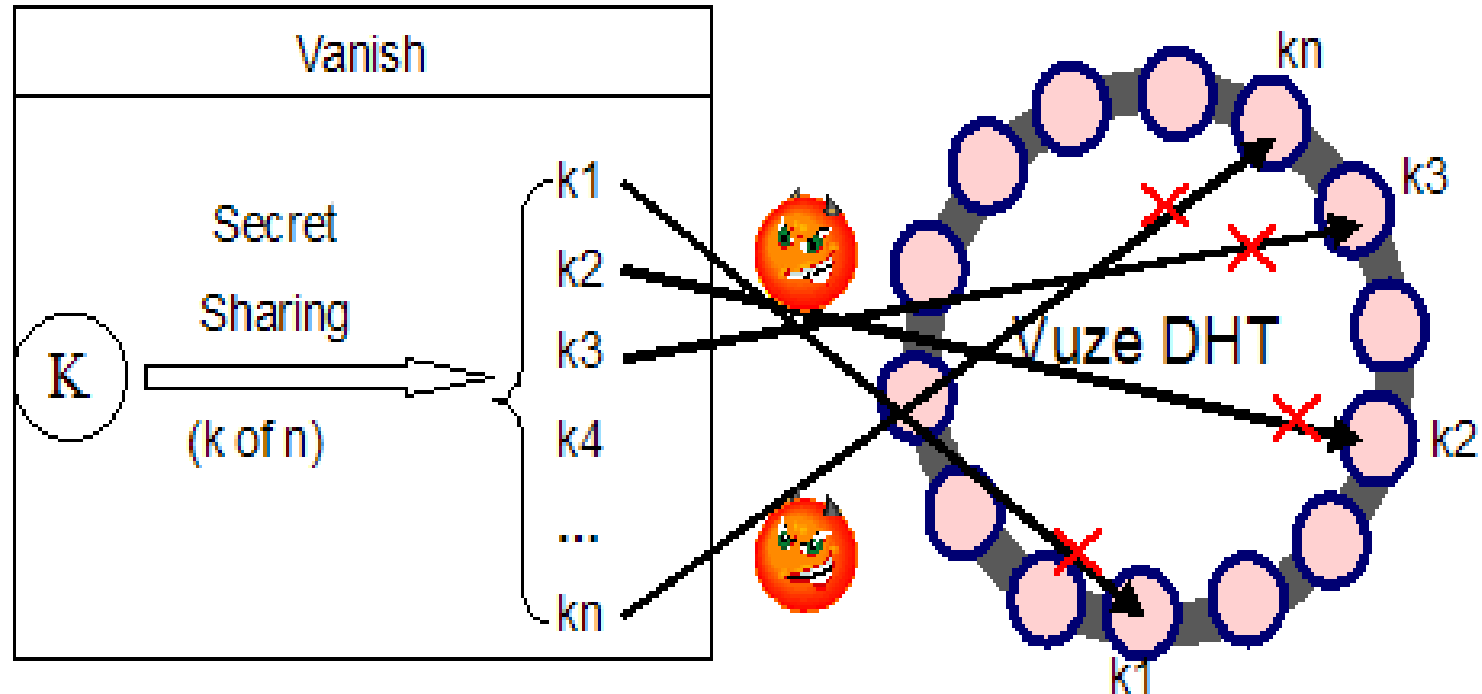


The push operation in the VuzeDHT network.



The hopping process of the malicious nodes in hopping attack.

Motivation: Sniffing

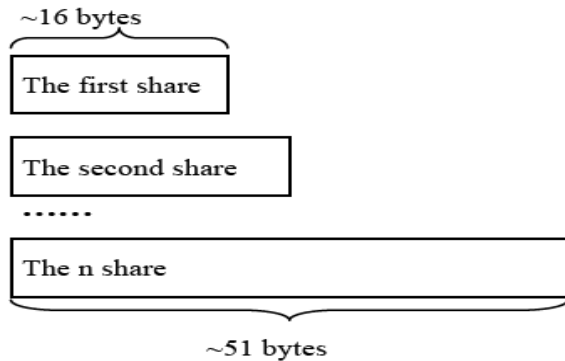


In addition, it's very dangerous for Vanish to transmit key shares that exposed to the network.

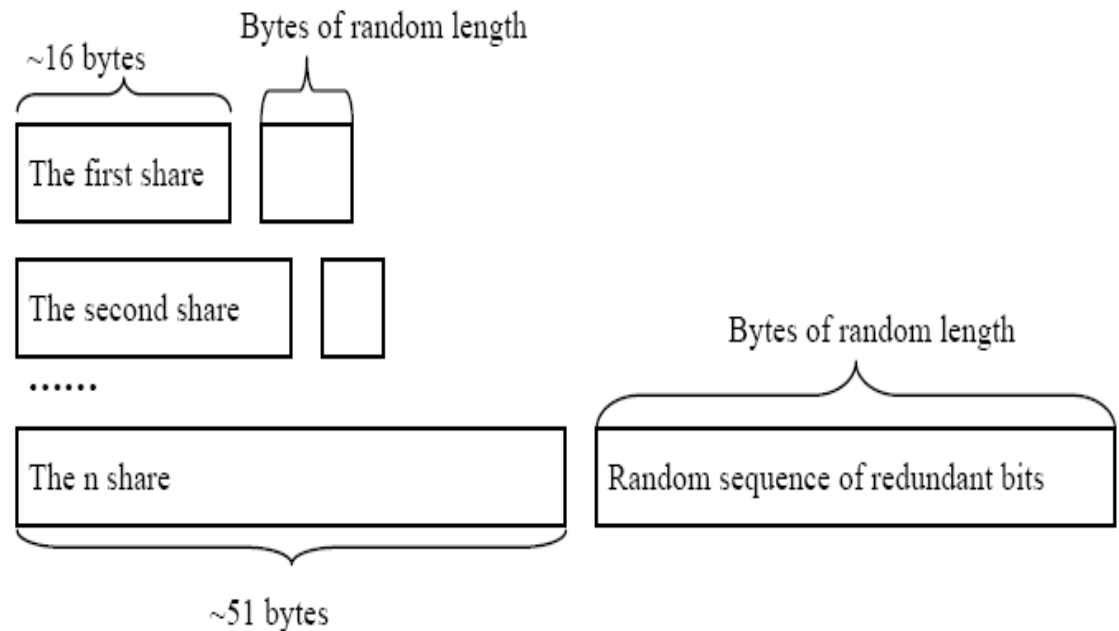
Existing approaches and their shortcomings

- **Increase the Vanish threshold k for composing the encryption key**
- **Switching Vanish to a privately hosted DHT**
- **Detect the attacker**
- **Limit the ID distribution mechanism of Vuze**

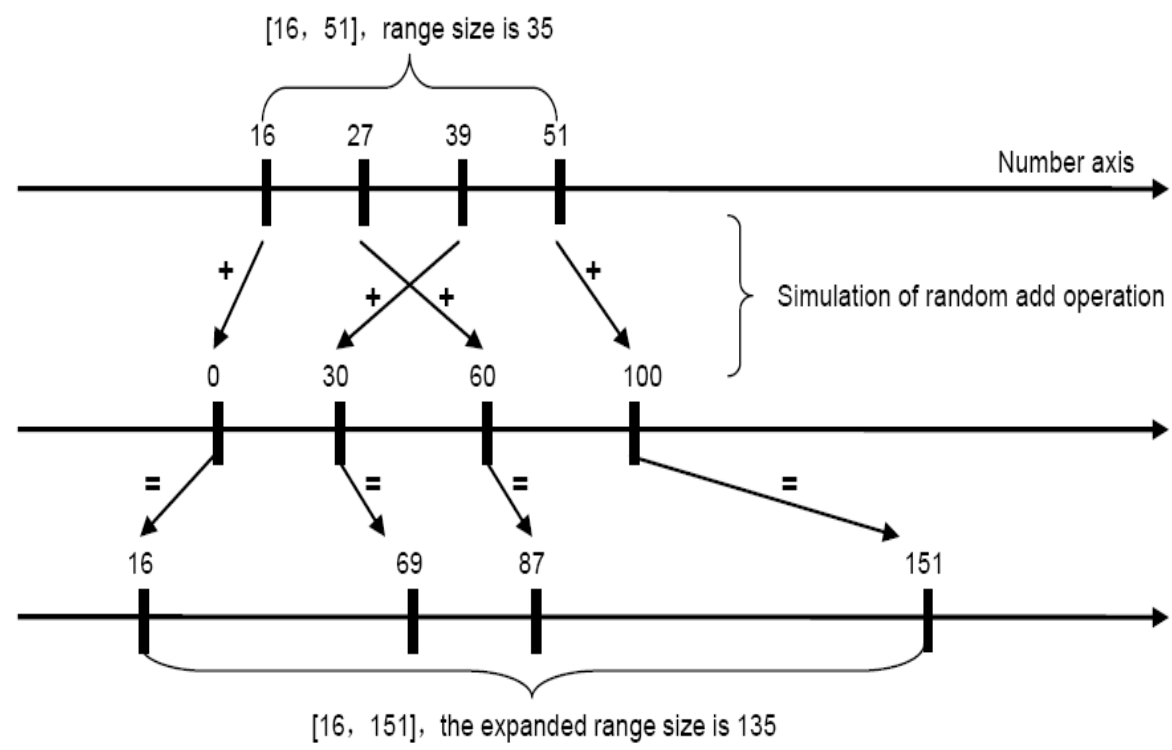
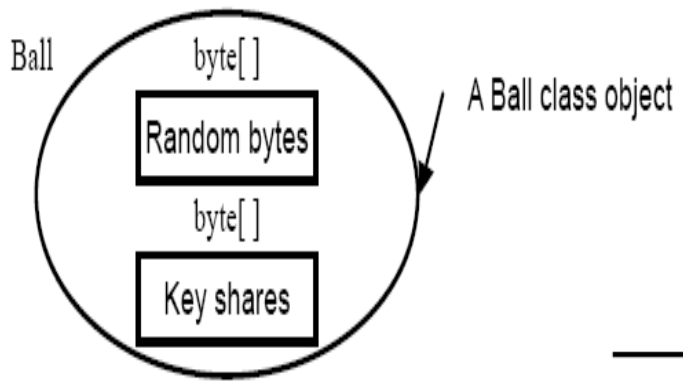
Solution for the hopping attack



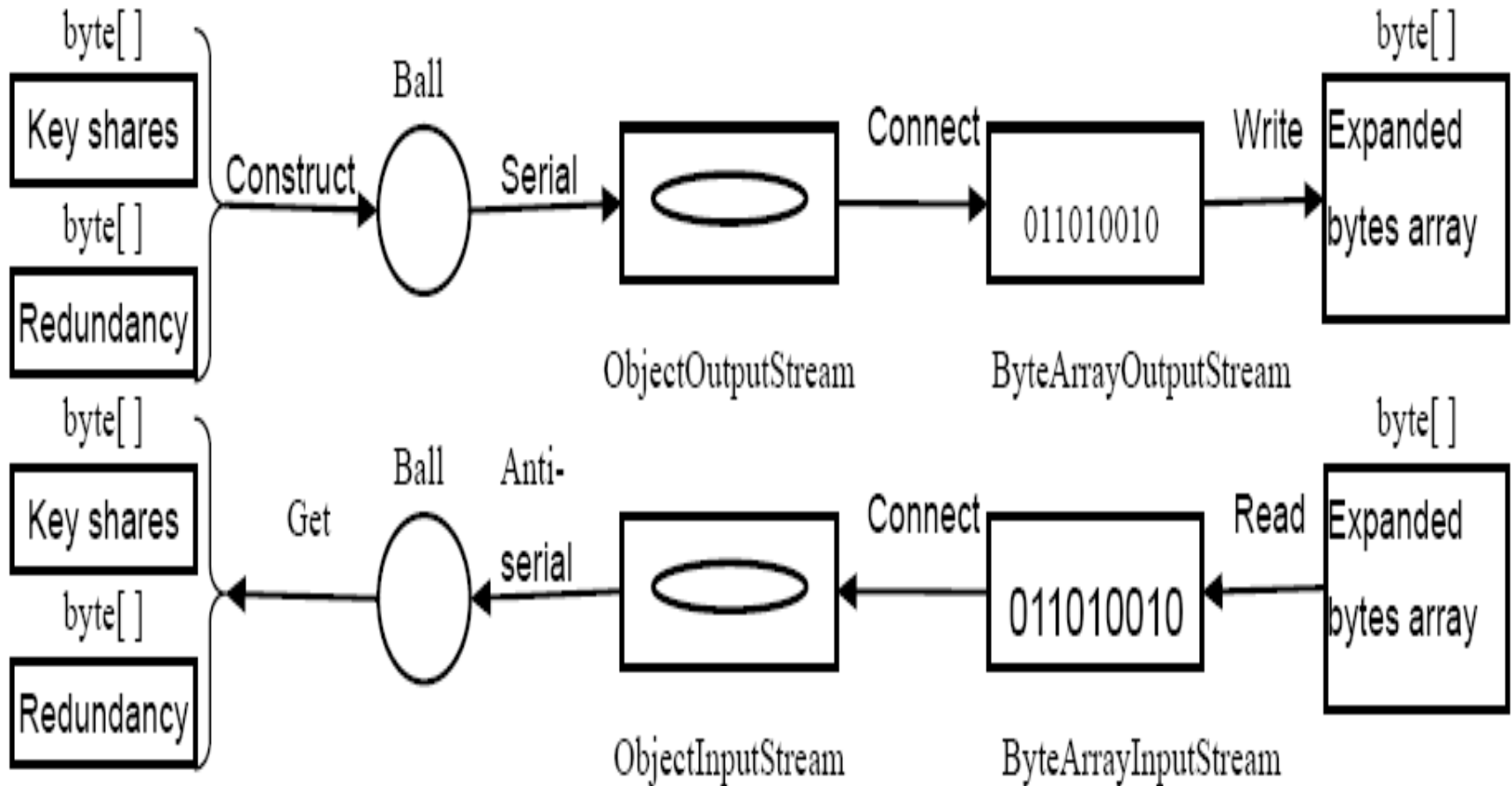
Increasing the length of range of key shares



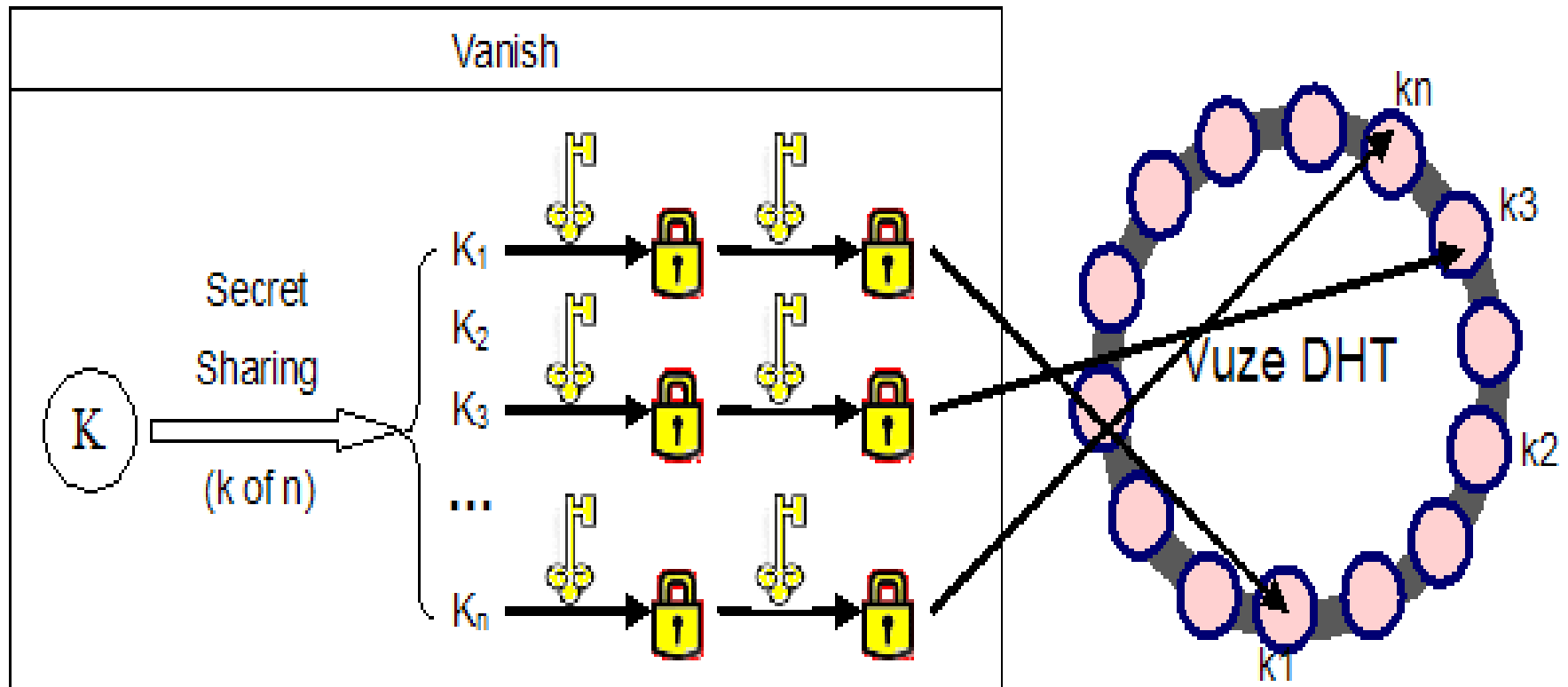
The expanded length range of key shares(1/2)



The expanded length range of key shares(2/2)



Solution for the sniffing attack



Using the RSA encryption algorithm

Conclusion

- **Discuss the existing state-of-the-art self-destructing data schemes (Vanish) exhibit fragile for hopping attack and sniffing attack in realistic application.**
- **Propose a new scheme called SafeVanish.**



Thanks!